# **Osoyoos Elementary School Plan – Developing Literacy Skills**

### **Scanning**

- Teacher feedback that we are in the middle of creating consistency
- Increase in overall achievement for FSAs and shows some cohort improvement in results
- Year-end assessment data from PM Benchmarks and WCRA indicate that less students are fully meeting or exceeding expectations in reading.
- Trend Student phonological awareness ability has decreased over the years and there is a disconnect between oral language, reading and written output.
- Students entering kindergarten are not showing the same level of literacy skills – Print Awareness, Language and Phonological awareness (Kindergarten Assessment).
- We have had a significant increase in English Language Learner Students, behaviour students and other identified categories.
- Students are struggling with writing techniques (conventions, sentence structure), grammar, creative and descriptive writing, written output, and confidence in their writing abilities.

### Checking

- Kindergarten Screener (Oral Language)
- K-3 Primary Learning Profiles (Pre/Post)
- Literacy Place for the Early Years (Grade 1-Oral Language)
- ELL Matrix
- Social Emotional surveys three times per year (October, January and May), focusing on school climate and culture, with a portion about online safety and etiquette expectations at an age-appropriate level.
- 3 formal paragraph writing assessments, beginning, middle and end of year
- Year-end language arts results,
- survey of student confidence in writing, to see how students feel about their ability
- Check Grade 4 and 7 literacy FSA results as well as previous years

### Focusing

We will intentionally focus on fostering a literacy rich environment through which students will build their skills and confidence in oral language, reading and writing.

What's going on for our learners? How do we know? Why does this matter?



TAKING ACTION
What will we do differently?

## **Taking Action**

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## **Developing a Hunch**

What are we doing that is contributing to this situation?

- Our lack of progressive language between grades is detrimental to student learning
- Our resources (home reading, book room, etc.) have not kept up to reflect the needs of our students or their cultural experiences
- Growth within our school has resulted in not enough levelled books to support our growing population
- Intermediate reading assessment texts are outdated and may not be producing accurate assessment of student ability
- There are not consistent practice/approaches between classes/grades and this makes student transitions more difficult

#### Learning

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